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SECTION 220719 - PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

TIPS:

To view non-printing **Editor's Notes** that provide guidance for editing, click on Masterworks/Single-File Formatting/Toggle/Editor's Notes.

To read detailed research, technical information about products and materials, and coordination checklists, click on Masterworks/Supporting Information.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulating the following plumbing piping services:
 - 1. Domestic cold-water piping.
 - 2. Domestic hot-water piping.
 - 3. Domestic recirculating hot-water piping.
 - 4. Domestic chilled-water piping for drinking fountains.
 - 5. Sanitary waste piping exposed to freezing conditions.
 - 6. Storm-water piping exposed to freezing conditions.
 - 7. Roof drains and rainwater leaders.
 - 8. Supplies and drains for handicap-accessible lavatories and sinks.

B. Related Sections:

1. Section 220716 "Plumbing Equipment Insulation."

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include thermal conductivity, water-vapor permeance thickness, and jackets (both factory- and field-applied, if any).
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals:
 - 1. Product Data: For adhesives, mastics, and sealants, indicating VOC content.
 - 2. Laboratory Test Reports: For adhesives, mastics, and sealants, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Detail application of protective shields, saddles, and inserts at hangers for each type of insulation and hanger.
 - 2. Detail attachment and covering of heat tracing inside insulation.
 - 3. Detail insulation application at pipe expansion joints for each type of insulation.
 - 4. Detail insulation application at elbows, fittings, flanges, valves, and specialties for each type of insulation.
 - 5. Detail removable insulation at piping specialties, equipment connections, and access panels.
 - 6. Detail application of field-applied jackets.
 - 7. Detail application at linkages of control devices.
- D. Samples: For each type of insulation and jacket indicated. Identify each Sample, describing product and intended use. Sample sizes are as follows:
 - 1. Preformed Pipe Insulation Materials: 12 inches (300 mm) long by NPS 2 (DN 50).
 - 2. Jacket Materials for Pipe: 12 inches (300 mm) long by NPS 2 (DN 50).
 - 3. Sheet Jacket Materials: 12 inches (300 mm) square.
 - 4. Manufacturer's Color Charts: For products where color is specified, show the full range of colors available for each type of finish material.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- B. Material Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction indicating, interpreting, and certifying test results for compliance of insulation materials, sealers, attachments, cements, and jackets, with requirements indicated. Include dates of tests and test methods employed.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Skilled mechanics who have successfully completed an apprenticeship program or another craft training program certified by the Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: For insulation and related materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84 by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.
 - 2. Insulation Installed Outdoors: Flame-spread index of 75 or less, and smoke-developed index of 150 or less.
- C. Mockups: Before installing insulation, build mockups for each type of insulation and finish listed below to demonstrate quality of insulation application and finishes. Build mockups in the location indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect. Use materials indicated for the completed Work.
 - 1. Piping Mockups:
 - a. One 10-foot (3-m) section of NPS 2 (DN 50) straight pipe.
 - b. One each of a 90-degree threaded, welded, and flanged elbow.
 - c. One each of a threaded, welded, and flanged tee fitting.
 - d. One NPS 2 (DN 50) or smaller valve, and one NPS 2-1/2 (DN 65) or larger valve.
 - e. Four support hangers including hanger shield and insert.
 - f. One threaded strainer and one flanged strainer with removable portion of insulation.
 - g. One threaded reducer and one welded reducer.
 - h. One pressure temperature tap.
 - i. One mechanical coupling.
 - 2. For each mockup, fabricate cutaway sections to allow observation of application details for insulation materials, adhesives, mastics, attachments, and jackets.
 - 3. Notify Architect seven days in advance of dates and times when mockups will be constructed.
 - 4. Obtain Architect's approval of mockups before starting insulation application.
 - 5. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - 6. Maintain mockups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed Work.
 - 7. Demolish and remove mockups when directed.
- D. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous components:
 - 1. Supply and Drain Protective Shielding Guards: ICC A117.1.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Packaging: Insulation material containers shall be marked by manufacturer with appropriate ASTM standard designation, type and grade, and maximum use temperature.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of supports, hangers, and insulation shields specified in Section 220529 "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Coordinate clearance requirements with piping Installer for piping insulation application. Before preparing piping Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.
- C. Coordinate installation and testing of heat tracing.

1.8 SCHEDULING

- A. Schedule insulation application after pressure testing systems and, where required, after installing and testing heat tracing. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.
- B. Complete installation and concealment of plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of construction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Insulation Schedule, General," "Indoor Piping Insulation Schedule," "Outdoor, Aboveground Piping Insulation Schedule," and "Outdoor, Underground Piping Insulation Schedule" articles for where insulating materials shall be applied.
- B. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- C. Products that come in contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested according to ASTM C 871.
- D. Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable according to ASTM C 795.
- E. Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC blowing agents in the manufacturing process.
- F. Cellular Glass: Inorganic, incombustible, foamed or cellulated glass with annealed, rigid, hermetically sealed cells. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Pittsburgh Corning Corporation.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.
- 2. Block Insulation: ASTM C 552, Type I.
- 3. Special-Shaped Insulation: ASTM C 552, Type III.
- 4. Preformed Pipe Insulation without Jacket: Comply with ASTM C 552, Type II, Class 1.
- 5. Preformed Pipe Insulation with Factory-Applied [ASJ] [ASJ-SSL]: Comply with ASTM C 552, Type II, Class 2.
- 6. Factory fabricate shapes according to ASTM C 450 and ASTM C 585.
- G. Flexible Elastomeric Insulation: Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials. Comply with ASTM C 534, Type I for tubular materials.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Aeroflex USA, Inc.
 - b. Armacell LLC.
 - c. K-Flex USA.
 - d. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- H. Mineral-Fiber Blanket Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 553, Type II and ASTM C 1290, Type I. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. CertainTeed Corporation.
 - b. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
 - c. Knauf Insulation.
 - d. Manson Insulation Inc.
 - e. Owens Corning.
 - f. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- I. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
 - b. Knauf Insulation.
 - c. Manson Insulation Inc.
 - d. Owens Corning.
 - e. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Type I, 850 Deg F (454 Deg C) Materials: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 547, Type I, Grade A, [without factory-

applied jacket] [with factory-applied ASJ] [with factory-applied ASJ-SSL]. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

J. Phenolic:

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; PolyPhen insulation or comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. ITW Insulation Systems.
 - b. Resolco International BV.
 - c. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- 2. Preformed pipe insulation of rigid, expanded, closed-cell structure. Comply with ASTM C 1126, Type III, Grade 1.
- 3. Factory fabricate shapes according to ASTM C 450 and ASTM C 585.
- 4. Factory-Applied Jacket: Requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.
 - a. Preformed Pipe Insulation: Jacket to have a maximum perm rating of 0.02 perms (0.013 metric perms) when tested according to ASTM E 96, Procedure A.
- K. Polyolefin: Unicellular, polyethylene thermal plastic insulation. Comply with ASTM C 534 or ASTM C 1427, Type I, Grade 1 for tubular materials.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armacell LLC.
 - b. Nomaco Insulation.
 - c. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- L. Polystyrene: Rigid, extruded cellular polystyrene intended for use as thermal insulation. Comply with ASTM C 578, Type XIII, except thermal conductivity (k-value) shall not exceed 0.26 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F (0.038 W/m x K) after 180 days of aging. Fabricate shapes according to ASTM C 450 and ASTM C 585.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; Styrofoam XPS PIB or comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. Dow Chemical Company (The).
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Fabricate shapes according to ASTM C 450 and ASTM C 585.
 - 3. Factory-Applied Jacket: Requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.
 - a. Preformed Pipe Insulation: Jacket to have a maximum perm rating of 0.02 perms (0.013 metric perms) when tested according to ASTM E 96, Procedure A.

2.2 INSULATING CEMENTS

A. Mineral-Fiber Insulating Cement: Comply with ASTM C 195.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Ramco Insulation, Inc.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.
- B. Expanded or Exfoliated Vermiculite Insulating Cement: Comply with ASTM C 196.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Ramco Insulation, Inc.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.
- C. Mineral-Fiber, Hydraulic-Setting Insulating and Finishing Cement: Comply with ASTM C 449.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Ramco Insulation, Inc.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.

2.3 ADHESIVES

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to itself and to surfaces to be insulated, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Cellular-Glass Adhesive: Two-component, thermosetting urethane adhesive containing no flammable solvents, with a service temperature range of minus 100 to plus 200 deg F (minus 73 to plus 93 deg C).
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Foster Brand: H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Adhesive: As recommended by cellular glass manufacturer and with a VOC content of **[80]** < Insert value> g/L or less.
 - 3. Adhesives and sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- C. Flexible Elastomeric and Polyolefin Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-24179A, Type II, Class I.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Aeroflex USA, Inc.

- b. Armacell LLC.
- c. Foster Brand: H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
- d. K-Flex USA.
- e. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- 2. Adhesive: As recommended by flexible elastomeric and polyolefin manufacturer and with a VOC content of [80] <Insert value> g/L or less.
- 3. Adhesives and sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- D. Mineral-Fiber Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries.
 - c. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.
 - e. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Adhesive: As recommended by mineral fiber manufacturer and with a VOC content of **[80]** < Insert value> g/L or less.
 - 3. Adhesives and sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- E. Phenolic Adhesive: Solvent-based resin adhesive, with a service temperature range of minus 75 to plus 300 deg F (minus 59 to plus 149 deg C).
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand: H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Foster Brand: H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - c. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Adhesive: As recommended by phenolic manufacturer and with a VOC content of [50] < Insert value> g/L or less.
 - 3. Adhesives and sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- F. ASJ Adhesive, and FSK Jacket Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries.
 - c. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.
 - e. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- 2. Adhesives shall have a VOC content of [80] < Insert value> g/L or less.
- 3. Adhesives and sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- G. PVC Jacket Adhesive: Compatible with PVC jacket.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Dow Corning Corporation.
 - b. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
 - c. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.
 - d. Proto Corporation.
 - e. Speedline Corporation.
 - f. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Adhesive: As recommended by Adhesive PVC Jacket manufacturer and with a VOC content of [50] < Insert value> g/L or less.
 - 3. Adhesives and sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

2.4 CORROSION INHIBITORS

- A. Reactive Gels: Anti-corrosion product designed for corrosion-under-insulation (CUI) applications, to form a mineralization layer as an integral part of the surface of the pipe; prevents undercutting where moisture gets under the coating and begins the corrosion process.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; [RG-2400 LT] [or] [RG-CHW] reactive gel or comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. <Insert manufacturer's name>.

2.5 MASTICS

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates; comply with MIL-PRF-19565C, Type II.
 - 1. Mastics: As recommended by insulation manufacturer and with a VOC content of [50] <Insert value> g/L or less.
 - 2. Mastics shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- B. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor use on below-ambient services.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Knauf Insulation.
 - c. Vimasco Corporation.
 - d. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM E 96/E 96M, Procedure B, 0.013 perm (0.009 metric perm) at 43-mil (1.09-mm) dry film thickness.
 - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 180 deg F (Minus 29 to plus 82 deg C).
 - 4. Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 58 percent by volume and 70 percent by weight.
 - 5. Color: White.
- C. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Solvent based; suitable for indoor use on below-ambient services.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries.
 - c. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.
 - e. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM F 1249, 0.05 perm (0.03 metric perm) at 35-mil (0.9-mm) dry film thickness.
 - 3. Service Temperature Range: 0 to 180 deg F (Minus 18 to plus 82 deg C).
 - 4. Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 44 percent by volume and 62 percent by weight.
 - 5. Color: White.
- D. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Solvent based; suitable for outdoor use on below-ambient services.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.

- b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries.
- c. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
- d. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM F 1249, 0.05 perm (0.033 metric perm) at 30-mil (0.8-mm) dry film thickness.
- 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 50 to plus 220 deg F (Minus 46 to plus 104 deg C).
- 4. Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 33 percent by volume and 46 percent by weight.
- 5. Color: White.
- E. Breather Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor and outdoor use on above-ambient services.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries.
 - c. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - d. Knauf Insulation.
 - e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.
 - f. Vimasco Corporation.
 - g. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM F 1249, 1.8 perms (1.2 metric perms) at 0.0625-inch (1.6-mm) dry film thickness.
 - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 180 deg F (Minus 29 to plus 82 deg C).
 - 4. Solids Content: 60 percent by volume and 66 percent by weight.
 - 5. Color: White.

2.6 LAGGING ADHESIVES

- A. Description: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class I, Grade A, and shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 1. For indoor applications, use lagging adhesives that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand: H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - c. Vimasco Corporation.
 - d. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 3. Fire-resistant, water-based lagging adhesive and coating for use indoors to adhere fire-resistant lagging cloths over pipe insulation.
 - 4. Service Temperature Range: 0 to plus 180 deg F (Minus 18 to plus 82 deg C).
 - 5. Color: White.

2.7 SEALANTS

A. Joint Sealants for Cellular-Glass and Phenolic Products:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries.
 - c. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.
 - e. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
- 3. Permanently flexible, elastomeric sealant.
- 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 100 to plus 300 deg F (Minus 73 to plus 149 deg C).
- 5. Color: White or gray.
- 6. Sealant shall have a VOC content of [420] <Insert value> g/L or less.
- 7. Sealant shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

B. FSK and Metal Jacket Flashing Sealants:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Eagle Bridges Marathon Industries.
 - c. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.
 - e. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
- 3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
- 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F (Minus 40 to plus 121 deg C).
- 5. Color: Aluminum.
- 6. Sealant shall have a VOC content of [420] <Insert value> g/L or less.
- 7. Sealant shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- C. ASJ Flashing Sealants, and Vinyl, PVDC, and PVC Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.

- 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
- 3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
- 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F (Minus 40 to plus 121 deg C).
- 5. Color: White.
- 6. Sealant shall have a VOC content of [420] <Insert value> g/L or less.
- 7. Sealant shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

2.8 FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Insulation system schedules indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:
 - 1. Vapor Barrier: Vapor barrier meeting ASTM C 1136, Type IX. Provide a field-applied metal or PVC jacket as described in the "Field-Applied Jacket" Article.
 - a. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; Zero-Perm vapor barrier or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1) 3M.
 - 2) <Insert manufacturer name>.
 - b. Laminate Thickness: Polymer/foil/polymer laminate, 0.5 mils (0.013 mm)/1 mil (0.025 mm)/0.5 mils (0.013 mm).
 - c. Permeance: 0 perms (0 metric perms) when tested according to ASTM E 96, Procedure A, and meeting ASTM E 84 25/50 requirements.
 - 2. Flexible Waterproof Cladding: Flexible waterproof cladding for use either indoors or outdoors to meet ASTM 25/50 requirements, provide permeance of 0 perms (0 metric perms) when tested according to ASTM E 96, Procedure A; serves as a final permanent jacket, no additional field-applied jacket required.
 - a. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products; Alumaguard Lite White or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1) 3M.
 - 2) <Insert manufacturer name>.
 - 3. Self-Adhering Membrane: Self-adhering membrane for use either indoors or outdoors, providing a permeance of 0 perms (0 metric perms) when tested according to ASTM E 96, Procedure A. Use on below-ambient piping as a vapor barrier; covered by field-applied permanent metal or PVC jacket.

- a. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; [Insulrap 30 NG] [or] [Insulrap 30 SJ NG] or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1) Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - 2) Pittsburgh Corning.
 - 3) <Insert manufacturer name>.
- 4. WMP-ASJ: WMP-ASJ polypropylene foil fiberglass scrim composite that meets ASTM C 1136, Types I-IV with permeance of 0.02 perm (0.013 metric perm) when tested according to ASTM E 96, Procedure A; can be left exposed indoors or covered with permanent PVC or metal jacket.
 - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1) Avery Dennison.
 - 2) Lamtec Corporation.
 - 3) <Insert manufacturer name>.
- 5. ASJ-SSL: ASJ with self-sealing, pressure-sensitive, acrylic-based adhesive covered by a removable protective strip; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type I.
 - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1) Avery Dennison.
 - 2) <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- 6. FSK Jacket: Aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type II.

2.9 FIELD-APPLIED FABRIC-REINFORCING MESH

- A. Woven Glass-Fiber Fabric: Approximately 2 oz./sq. yd. (68 g/sq. m) with a thread count of 10 strands by 10 strands/sq. in. (4 strands by 4 strands/sq. mm) for covering pipe and pipe fittings.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.
- B. Woven Polyester Fabric: Approximately 1 oz./sq. yd. (34 g/sq. m) with a thread count of 10 strands by 10 strands/sq. in. (4 strands by 4 strands/sq. mm), in a Leno weave, for pipe.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.

- b. Vimasco Corporation.
- c. < Insert manufacturer's name>.

2.10 FIELD-APPLIED CLOTHS

- A. Woven Glass-Fiber Fabric: Comply with MIL-C-20079H, Type I, plain weave, and presized a minimum of 8 oz./sq. yd. (271 g/sq. m).
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Alpha Associates, Inc.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.

2.11 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Field-applied jackets shall comply with ASTM C 921, Type I, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. PVC Jacket: High-impact-resistant, UV-resistant PVC complying with ASTM D 1784, Class 16354-C; thickness as scheduled; roll stock ready for shop or field cutting and forming. Thickness is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
 - b. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.
 - c. Proto Corporation.
 - d. Speedline Corporation.
 - e. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Adhesive: As recommended by jacket material manufacturer.
 - 3. Color: [White] [Color-code jackets based on system. Color as selected by Architect].
 - 4. Factory-fabricated fitting covers to match jacket if available; otherwise, field fabricate.
 - a. Shapes: 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows, tees, valves, flanges, unions, reducers, end caps, soil-pipe hubs, traps, mechanical joints, and P-trap and supply covers for lavatories.

C. Metal Jacket:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. ITW Insulation Systems; Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - b. RPR Products, Inc.
 - c. < Insert manufacturer's name>.

- 2. Aluminum Jacket: Comply with ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), Alloy 3003, 3005, 3105, or 5005, Temper H-14.
 - a. [Sheet and roll stock ready for shop or field sizing] [Factory cut and rolled to size].
 - b. Finish and thickness are indicated in field-applied jacket schedules.
 - c. Moisture Barrier for Indoor Applications: [1-mil- (0.025-mm-) thick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper] [3-mil- (0.075-mm-) thick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper] [2.5-mil- (0.063-mm-) thick polysurlyn].
 - d. Moisture Barrier for Outdoor Applications: [3-mil- (0.075-mm-) thick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper] [2.5-mil- (0.063-mm-) thick polysurlyn].
 - e. Factory-Fabricated Fitting Covers:
 - 1) Same material, finish, and thickness as jacket.
 - 2) Preformed 2-piece or gore, 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows.
 - 3) Tee covers.
 - 4) Flange and union covers.
 - 5) End caps.
 - 6) Beveled collars.
 - 7) Valve covers.
 - 8) Field fabricate fitting covers only if factory-fabricated fitting covers are not available.
- 3. Stainless-Steel Jacket: ASTM A 167 or ASTM A 240/A 240M.
 - a. [Sheet and roll stock ready for shop or field sizing] [Factory cut and rolled to size].
 - b. Material, finish, and thickness are indicated in field-applied jacket schedules.
 - c. Moisture Barrier for Indoor Applications: [1-mil- (0.025-mm-) thick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper] [3-mil- (0.075-mm-) thick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper] [2.5-mil- (0.063-mm-) thick polysurlyn].
 - d. Moisture Barrier for Outdoor Applications: [3-mil- (0.075-mm-) thick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper] [2.5-mil- (0.063-mm-) thick polysurlyn].
 - e. Factory-Fabricated Fitting Covers:
 - 1) Same material, finish, and thickness as jacket.
 - 2) Preformed 2-piece or gore, 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows.
 - 3) Tee covers.
 - 4) Flange and union covers.
 - 5) End caps.
 - 6) Beveled collars.
 - 7) Valve covers.
 - 8) Field fabricate fitting covers only if factory-fabricated fitting covers are not available.
- D. Underground Direct-Buried Jacket: 125-mil- (3.2-mm-) thick vapor barrier and waterproofing membrane consisting of a rubberized bituminous resin reinforced with a woven-glass fiber or polyester scrim and laminated aluminum foil.

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; [Insulrap 50 NG] [Insulrap 50 SJ NG] [or] [Insulrap 125 No-Torch] or comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. Pittsburgh Corning Corporation.
 - b. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
- A. Self-Adhesive Field-Applied Jacket: Composite membrane consisting of a multi-ply embossed UV resistant aluminum foil/polymer laminate to which is applied a layer of rubberized asphalt.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; Alumaguard or comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. 3M.
 - b. MFM Building Products Corp.
 - c. < Insert manufacturer name>.
 - 2. Perm Rating: 0 perms (0 metric perms), when tested according to ASTM E 96/E 96M.
 - 3. Membrane Thickness: 56 mils (1.42 mm).
 - 4. Membrane Thickness, with Surface Finish: 59 mils (1.50 mm).
 - a. Solar reflectance, CRRC Initial Rating: 0.86.
 - b. Solar Reflectance, CRRC 3-Year Rating: 077.
 - c. Thermal Emittance, CRRC Initial Rating: 0.82.
 - d. Thermal Emittance, CRRC 3-Year Rating: 0.86.
- B. Self-Adhesive Field-Applied Jacket: Multi-ply aluminum foil/polymer composite film coated with a low-temperature acrylic adhesive.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; Alumaguard Lite or comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. 3M.
 - b. MFM Building Products Corp.
 - c. < Insert manufacturer name>.
 - 2. Perm Rating: 0 perms (0 metric perms), when tested according to ASTM E 96/E 96M.
 - 3. Membrane Thickness, Smooth Silver: 7 mils (0.18 mm).
 - 4. Membrane Thickness, Stucco Embossed Silver: 9 mils (0.23 mm).
 - 5. Membrane Thickness, White Surface Finish: 9 mils (0.23 mm).
 - a. Solar reflectance, CRRC Initial Rating: 0.86.
 - b. Solar Reflectance, CRRC 3-Year Rating: 077.
 - c. Thermal Emittance, CRRC Initial Rating: 0.82.
 - d. Thermal Emittance, CRRC 3-Year Rating: 0.86.
- C. Self-Adhesive Field-Applied Jacket: Hybrid product combining UV-resistant aluminum foil/polymer laminate and rubberized asphalt with a metalized film coated with low temperature acrylic adhesive.

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; Alumaguard All-Weather or comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. 3M.
 - b. MFM Building Products Corp.
 - c. < Insert manufacturer name>.
- 2. Perm Rating: 0 perms (0 metric perms), when tested according to ASTM E 96/E 96M.
- 3. Membrane Thickness: 35 mils (0.89 mm).
- 4. Membrane Thickness, with Surface Finish: 38 mils (0.96 mm).
 - a. Solar reflectance, CRRC Initial Rating: 0.86.
 - b. Solar Reflectance, CRRC 3-Year Rating: 077.
 - c. Thermal Emittance, CRRC Initial Rating: 0.82.
 - d. Thermal Emittance, CRRC 3-Year Rating: 0.86.

2.12 TAPES

- A. Zero Perm Vapor Barrier Tape: Complying with ASTM C 1136, Type IX.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Polyguard Products, Inc.; Zero-Perm or comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. 3M.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer name>.
 - 2. Laminate Thickness: Polymer/foil/polymer laminate, 0.5 mils (0.013 mm)/1 mil (0.025 mm)/0.5 mils (0.013 mm).
 - 3. Permeance: 0 perms (0 metric perms) when tested according to ASTM E 96, Procedure A, and meeting ASTM E 84 25/50 requirements.
 - 4. Release Liner Thickness: [2 inches (51 mm)] [3 inches (76 mm)].
 - 5. Self-Wound Thickness: [2 inches (51 mm)] [3 inches (76 mm)].
 - 6. Elongation: 2 percent.
 - 7. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch (7.2 N/mm) in width.
- B. WMP-ASJ Tape: WMP-ASJ polypropylene foil fiberglass scrim composite that meets ASTM C 1136, Types I-IV. Available in various widths with kraft release paper.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. 3M.
 - b. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division.
 - c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company.
 - d. Knauf Insulation.
 - e. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Width: [3 inches (75 mm)] <Insert width>.
 - 3. Permeance: 0.02 perms (0.013 metric perms) when tested according to ASTM E 96.
 - 4. Thickness: 11.5 mils (0.29 mm).

- 5. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch (1.0 N/mm) in width.
- 6. Elongation: 2 percent.
- 7. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch (7.2 N/mm) in width.
- 8. WMP-ASJ Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of ASJ tape.
- C. PVC Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching field-applied PVC jacket with acrylic adhesive; suitable for indoor and outdoor applications.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. 3M.
 - b. Avery Dennison.
 - c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company.
 - d. < Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Width: 2 inches (50 mm).
 - 3. Thickness: 6 mils (0.15 mm).
 - 4. Adhesion: 64 ounces force/inch (0.7 N/mm) in width.
 - 5. Elongation: 500 percent.
 - 6. Tensile Strength: 18 lbf/inch (3.3 N/mm) in width.
- D. Aluminum-Foil Tape: Vapor-retarder tape with acrylic adhesive.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division.
 - b. Compac Corporation.
 - c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company.
 - d. Knauf Insulation.
 - e. Venture Tape.
 - f. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Width: 2 inches (50 mm).
 - 3. Thickness: 3.7 mils (0.093 mm).
 - 4. Adhesion: 100 ounces force/inch (1.1 N/mm) in width.
 - 5. Elongation: 5 percent.
 - 6. Tensile Strength: 34 lbf/inch (6.2 N/mm) in width.

2.13 SECUREMENTS

A. Bands:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. ITW Insulation Systems; Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - b. RPR Products, Inc.
 - c. <Insert manufacturer's name>.

- 2. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 167 or ASTM A 240/A 240M, [Type 304] [or] [Type 316]; 0.015 inch (0.38 mm) thick, [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [3/4 inch (19 mm)] wide with [wing seal] [or] [closed seal].
- 3. Aluminum: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), Alloy 3003, 3005, 3105, or 5005; Temper H-14, 0.020 inch (0.51 mm) thick, [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [3/4 inch (19 mm)] wide with [wing seal] [or] [closed seal].
- B. Staples: Outward-clinching insulation staples, nominal 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) wide, stainless steel or Monel.
- C. Wire: [0.080-inch (2.0-mm) nickel-copper alloy] [0.062-inch (1.6-mm) soft-annealed, stainless steel] [0.062-inch (1.6-mm) soft-annealed, galvanized steel].
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. C & F Wire.
 - b. < Insert manufacturer's name>.

2.14 PROTECTIVE SHIELDING GUARDS

- A. Protective Shielding Pipe Covers, < **Insert drawing designation**>:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Engineered Brass Company.
 - b. Insul-Tect Products Co.
 - c. McGuire Manufacturing.
 - d. Plumberex Specialty Products, Inc.
 - e. Truebro.
 - f. Zurn Industries, LLC.
 - g. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Description: Manufactured plastic wraps for covering plumbing fixture [hot-water supply] [hot- and cold-water supplies] and trap and drain piping. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.
- B. Protective Shielding Piping Enclosures, < Insert drawing designation>:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Truebro.
 - b. Zurn Industries, LLC.
 - c. <Insert manufacturer's name>.
 - 2. Description: Manufactured plastic enclosure for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with ADA requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.
 - 1. Verify that systems to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
 - 2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 **PREPARATION**

- Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will A. adversely affect insulation application.
- B. Surface Preparation: Clean and prepare surfaces to be insulated. Before insulating, apply a corrosion coating to insulated surfaces as follows:
 - For below ambient applications with low temperatures below 32 deg F (0 deg C), coat 1. either carbon steel pipe, or 300 series stainless pipe, with RG-2400 LT in a range of 25 to 30 mils (0.635 to 0.762 mm) prior to installation of insulation. For chilled water temperatures 32 to 110 deg F (0 to 43.3 deg C), RG-CHW should be used in a range of 25 to 30 mils (0.635 to 0.762 mm).
 - 2. Stainless Steel: Coat 300 series stainless steel with an epoxy primer 5 mils (0.127 mm) thick and an epoxy finish 5 mils (0.127 mm) thick if operating in a temperature range between 140 and 300 deg F (60 and 149 deg C). Consult coating manufacturer for appropriate coating materials and application methods for operating temperature range.
 - Carbon Steel: Coat carbon steel operating at a service temperature between 32 and 300 3. deg F (0 and 149 deg C) with an epoxy coating. Consult coating manufacturer for appropriate coating materials and application methods for operating temperature range.
- C. Coordinate insulation installation with the trade installing heat tracing. Comply with requirements for heat tracing that apply to insulation.
- Mix insulating cements with clean potable water; if insulating cements are to be in contact with D. stainless-steel surfaces, use demineralized water.

3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- The contractor shall verify and obtain the latest installation instructions from the manufacturer A. prior to any work being done.
- B. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of piping including fittings, valves, and specialties.

- C. Install insulation materials, forms, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of pipe system as specified in insulation system schedules.
- D. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.
- E. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.
- F. Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered.
- G. Do not weld brackets, clips, or other attachment devices to piping, fittings, and specialties.
- H. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.
- I. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- J. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.
- K. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
 - 2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 3. Install insert materials and install insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation to insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
 - 4. Cover inserts with jacket material matching adjacent pipe insulation. Install shields over jacket, arranged to protect jacket from tear or puncture by hanger, support, and shield.
- L. Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.
- M. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.
 - 2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch- (75-mm-) wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches (100 mm) o.c.
 - 3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches (38 mm). Install insulation with longitudinal seams at bottom of pipe. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at [2 inches (50 mm)] [4 inches (100 mm)] o.c.
 - a. For below-ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.
 - 4. Cover joints and seams with tape, according to insulation material manufacturer's written instructions, to maintain vapor seal.

- 5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to pipe flanges and fittings.
- N. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.
- O. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.
- P. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches (100 mm) beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.
- Q. For above-ambient services, do not install insulation to the following:
 - 1. Vibration-control devices.
 - 2. Testing agency labels and stamps.
 - 3. Nameplates and data plates.
 - 4. Cleanouts.

3.4 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Roof Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through roof penetrations.
 - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
 - 2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation above roof surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
 - 3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside roof flashing at least 2 inches (50 mm) below top of roof flashing.
 - 4. Seal jacket to roof flashing with flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation at Underground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Terminate insulation flush with sleeve seal. Seal terminations with flashing sealant.
- C. Insulation Installation at Aboveground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through wall penetrations.
 - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
 - 2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation inside wall surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
 - 3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside wall flashing and overlap wall flashing at least 2 inches (50 mm).
 - 4. Seal jacket to wall flashing with flashing sealant.

- D. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- E. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions.
 - 1. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.

F. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:

- 1. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
- 2. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

3.5 GENERAL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Requirements in this article generally apply to all insulation materials except where more specific requirements are specified in various pipe insulation material installation articles.
- B. Insulation Installation on Fittings, Valves, Strainers, Flanges, and Unions:
 - 1. Install insulation over fittings, valves, strainers, flanges, unions, and other specialties with continuous thermal and vapor-retarder integrity unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Insulate pipe elbows using preformed fitting insulation or mitered fittings made from same material and density as adjacent pipe insulation. Each piece shall be butted tightly against adjoining piece and bonded with adhesive. Fill joints, seams, voids, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement finished to a smooth, hard, and uniform contour that is uniform with adjoining pipe insulation.
 - 3. Insulate tee fittings with preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Cut sectional pipe insulation to fit. Butt each section closely to the next and hold in place with tie wire. Bond pieces with adhesive.
 - 4. Insulate valves using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. For valves, insulate up to and including the bonnets, valve stuffing-box studs, bolts, and nuts. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement.
 - 5. Insulate strainers using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement. Insulate strainers so strainer basket flange or plug can be easily removed and replaced without damaging the insulation and jacket. Provide a removable reusable insulation cover. For below-ambient services, provide a design that maintains vapor barrier.
 - 6. Insulate flanges and unions using a section of oversized preformed pipe insulation. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker.

- 7. Cover segmented insulated surfaces with a layer of finishing cement and coat with a mastic. Install vapor-barrier mastic for below-ambient services and a breather mastic for above-ambient services. Reinforce the mastic with fabric-reinforcing mesh. Trowel the mastic to a smooth and well-shaped contour.
- 8. For services not specified to receive a field-applied jacket except for flexible elastomeric and polyolefin, install fitted PVC cover over elbows, tees, strainers, valves, flanges, and unions. Terminate ends with PVC end caps. Tape PVC covers to adjoining insulation facing using PVC tape.
- 9. Stencil or label the outside insulation jacket of each union with the word "union." Match size and color of pipe labels.
- C. Insulate instrument connections for thermometers, pressure gages, pressure temperature taps, test connections, flow meters, sensors, switches, and transmitters on insulated pipes. Shape insulation at these connections by tapering it to and around the connection with insulating cement and finish with finishing cement, mastic, and flashing sealant.
- D. Install removable insulation covers at locations indicated. Installation shall conform to the following:
 - 1. Make removable flange and union insulation from sectional pipe insulation of same thickness as that on adjoining pipe. Install same insulation jacket as adjoining pipe insulation.
 - 2. When flange and union covers are made from sectional pipe insulation, extend insulation from flanges or union long at least two times the insulation thickness over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of flange or union. Secure flange cover in place with stainless-steel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation and jacket.
 - 3. Construct removable valve insulation covers in same manner as for flanges, except divide the two-part section on the vertical center line of valve body.
 - 4. When covers are made from block insulation, make two halves, each consisting of mitered blocks wired to stainless-steel fabric. Secure this wire frame, with its attached insulation, to flanges with tie wire. Extend insulation at least 2 inches (50 mm) over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of valve. Fill space between flange or union cover and pipe insulation with insulating cement. Finish cover assembly with insulating cement applied in two coats. After first coat is dry, apply and trowel second coat to a smooth finish.
 - 5. Unless a PVC jacket is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules, finish exposed surfaces with a metal jacket.

3.6 INSTALLATION OF CELLULAR-GLASS INSULATION

- A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:
 - 1. Secure each layer of insulation to pipe with wire or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
 - 2. Where vapor barriers are indicated, seal longitudinal seams, end joints, and protrusions with vapor-barrier mastic and joint sealant.
 - 3. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on above-ambient services, secure laps with outward clinched staples at 6 inches (150 mm) o.c.

4. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on below-ambient services, do not staple longitudinal tabs. Instead, secure tabs with additional adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vapor-barrier mastic and flashing sealant.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

- 1. Install preformed pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
- 2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
- 3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of cellular-glass block insulation of same thickness as pipe insulation.
- 4. Install jacket material with manufacturer's recommended adhesive, overlap seams at least 1 inch (25 mm), and seal joints with flashing sealant.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

- 1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available. Secure according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. When preformed sections of insulation are not available, install mitered sections of cellular-glass insulation. Secure insulation materials with wire or bands.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

- 1. Install preformed sections of cellular-glass insulation to valve body.
- 2. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
- 3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

3.7 INSTALLATION OF FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC INSULATION

A. Seal longitudinal seams and end joints with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

- 1. Install pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
- 2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
- 3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of sheet insulation of same thickness as pipe insulation.
- 4. Secure insulation to flanges and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

- 1. Install mitered sections of pipe insulation.
- 2. Secure insulation materials and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

- 1. Install preformed valve covers manufactured of same material as pipe insulation when available.
- 2. When preformed valve covers are not available, install cut sections of pipe and sheet insulation to valve body. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
- 3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.
- 4. Secure insulation to valves and specialties and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

3.8 INSTALLATION OF MINERAL-FIBER INSULATION

A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:

- 1. Secure each layer of preformed pipe insulation to pipe with wire or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
- 2. Where vapor barriers are indicated, seal longitudinal seams, end joints, and protrusions with vapor-barrier mastic and joint sealant.
- 3. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on above-ambient surfaces, secure laps with outward clinched staples at 6 inches (150 mm) o.c.
- 4. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on below-ambient surfaces, do not staple longitudinal tabs. Instead, secure tabs with additional adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vapor-barrier mastic and flashing sealant.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

- 1. Install preformed pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
- 2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
- 3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with mineral-fiber blanket insulation.
- 4. Install jacket material with manufacturer's recommended adhesive, overlap seams at least 1 inch (25 mm), and seal joints with flashing sealant.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

- 1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
- 2. When preformed insulation elbows and fittings are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation, to a thickness equal to adjoining pipe insulation. Secure insulation materials with wire or bands.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

- 1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
- 2. When preformed sections are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation to valve body.

- 3. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
- 4. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

3.9 INSTALLATION OF PHENOLIC INSULATION

A. General Installation Requirements:

- 1. Secure single-layer insulation with stainless-steel bands at 12-inch (300-mm) intervals and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
- 2. Install 2-layer insulation with joints tightly butted and staggered at least 3 inches (75 mm). Secure inner layer with 0.062-inch (1.6-mm) wire spaced at 12-inch (300-mm) intervals. Secure outer layer with stainless-steel bands at 12-inch (300-mm) intervals.

B. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:

- 1. Secure each layer of insulation to pipe with wire or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
- 2. Where vapor barriers are indicated, seal longitudinal seams, end joints, and protrusions with vapor-barrier mastic and joint sealant.
- 3. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on above-ambient services, secure laps with outward clinched staples at 6 inches (150 mm) o.c.
- 4. For insulation with factory-applied jackets with vapor retarders on below-ambient services, do not staple longitudinal tabs. Instead, secure tabs with additional adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vapor-barrier mastic and flashing sealant.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

- 1. Install preformed pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
- 2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
- 3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of block insulation of same material and thickness as pipe insulation.

D. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

1. Install preformed insulation sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation. Secure according to manufacturer's written instructions.

E. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

- 1. Install preformed insulation sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation. Secure according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
- 3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

3.10 INSTALLATION OF POLYOLEFIN INSULATION

A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:

1. Seal split-tube longitudinal seams and end joints with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

- 1. Install pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
- 2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
- 3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of polyolefin sheet insulation of same thickness as pipe insulation.
- 4. Secure insulation to flanges and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

- 1. Install mitered sections of polyolefin pipe insulation.
- 2. Secure insulation materials and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

- 1. Install cut sections of polyolefin pipe and sheet insulation to valve body.
- 2. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
- 3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.
- 4. Secure insulation to valves and specialties, and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

3.11 INSTALLATION OF POLYSTYRENE INSULATION

A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:

- 1. Secure each layer of insulation with tape or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials. Orient longitudinal joints between half sections in 3- and 9-o'clock positions on the pipe.
- 2. For insulation with factory-applied jackets with vapor barriers, do not staple longitudinal tabs. Instead, secure tabs with additional adhesive or tape as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vapor-barrier mastic.
- 3. All insulation shall be tightly butted and free of voids and gaps at all joints. Vapor barrier must be continuous. Before installing jacket material, install vapor-barrier system.

B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:

- 1. Install preformed pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
- 2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, and make thickness same as adjacent pipe insulation, not to exceed 1-1/2-inch (38-mm).
- 3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of polystyrene block insulation of same thickness as pipe insulation.

C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:

1. Install preformed insulation sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation. Secure according to manufacturer's written instructions.

D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

- 1. Install preformed section of polystyrene insulation to valve body.
- 2. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
- 3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

3.12 SELF-ADHESIVE, FIELD-APPLIED JACKET INSTALLATION

- A. Fiberglass, urethane, or phenolic foam insulations must have a factory applied FSK facing. Extruded or expanded polystyrene may be faced or unfaced. Contractor is responsible for testing adhesion to any substrate; there are products that have manufacturing release agents (Densglas gold) which will not allow adhesion.
- B. Substrate surface must be clean, dry, and free of oil films.
- C. Select the correct outdoor, field-applied jacket when installing in temperatures below 50 deg F (10 deg C).
- D. Protect outdoor, field-applied jackets from damaging chemicals. Solvation will occur to the rubberized bitumen when exposed to petroleum or coal tar based compounds. Contact the manufacturer immediately for more information if there is doubt, before any chemical interaction.
- E. Allow each piece of the outdoor, field-applied jacket to stretch by using a 6-inch (152.4-mm) lap over the circumferential lap, and a 4-inch (101.6-mm) wide butt lap or overlap over the joint, and then roll with a roller. Position longitudinal laps at a water shed position.
- F. On hot systems insure that the surface temperature after insulation installation does not exceed the manufacturer's upper temperature use limitations. Heat transfer through single layer joint seams could result in the softening or melting of the rubberized asphalt compound.
- G. Do not pre-apply the outdoor, field-applied jacket to fabricated insulation unless metal banding is used. Outdoor, field-applied jackets are not mechanical fastening systems and will not hold the insulation on the duct.
- H. Lay out tees, elbows, and valves using standard fitting two-piece methods, modified to allow for overlap seals. Add 1-1/2 inches (38.1-mm) to 2-inches (50.8-mm) to the bottom half of the

fitting. Add 1-1/2 inches (38.1-mm) to the top half of the fitting. The bottom piece is installed first, and then the top piece lapped over the bottom piece to permit water shedding over the lap. Tees, elbows, valves, and other fittings can be fabricated using standard layout procedures, adding 1-1/2 inches (38.1-mm) to 2-inches (50.8-mm) for the required laps. Fittings can also be gored. Oversize each gore piece to allow for a lap onto the preceding piece. The two-piece method makes a better looking fitting, however, as with metal work, larger fittings must be gored due to material constraints and ease of application. Standard metal fitting covers can also be used with the outdoor, field-applied jacket products. Insure that the fittings are vapor sealed.

3.13 FIELD-APPLIED JACKET INSTALLATION

- A. Where glass-cloth jackets are indicated, install directly over bare insulation or insulation with factory-applied jackets.
 - 1. Draw jacket smooth and tight to surface with 2-inch (50-mm) overlap at seams and joints.
 - 2. Embed glass cloth between two 0.062-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick coats of lagging adhesive.
 - 3. Completely encapsulate insulation with coating, leaving no exposed insulation.
- B. Where FSK jackets are indicated, install as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket material smooth and tight.
 - 2. Install lap or joint strips with same material as jacket.
 - 3. Secure jacket to insulation with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
 - 4. Install jacket with 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) laps at longitudinal seams and 3-inch- (75-mm-) wide joint strips at end joints.
 - 5. Seal openings, punctures, and breaks in vapor-retarder jackets and exposed insulation with vapor-barrier mastic.
- C. Where PVC jackets are indicated, install with 1-inch (25-mm) overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints. Seal with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
 - 1. Apply two continuous beads of adhesive to seams and joints, one bead under lap and the finish bead along seam and joint edge.
- D. Where metal jackets are indicated, install with 2-inch (50-mm) overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints. Overlap longitudinal seams arranged to shed water. Seal end joints with weatherproof sealant recommended by insulation manufacturer. Secure jacket with stainless-steel bands 12 inches (300 mm) o.c. and at end joints.

3.14 FINISHES

- A. Insulation with ASJ, Glass-Cloth, or Other Paintable Jacket Material: Paint jacket with paint system identified below and as specified in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting" and Section 099123 "Interior Painting."
 - 1. Flat Acrylic Finish: [**Two**] <**Insert number**> finish coats over a primer that is compatible with jacket material and finish coat paint. Add fungicidal agent to render fabric mildew proof.

- a. Finish Coat Material: Interior, flat, latex-emulsion size.
- B. Flexible Elastomeric Thermal Insulation: After adhesive has fully cured, apply two coats of insulation manufacturer's recommended protective coating.
- C. Color: Final color as selected by Architect. Vary first and second coats to allow visual inspection of the completed Work.
- D. Do not field paint aluminum or stainless-steel jackets.

3.15 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: [Owner will engage] [Engage] a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Perform tests and inspections.
- C. Tests and Inspections:
 - Inspect pipe, fittings, strainers, and valves, randomly selected by Architect, by removing field-applied jacket and insulation in layers in reverse order of their installation. Extent of inspection shall be limited to [three] <Insert number> locations of straight pipe, [three] <Insert number> locations of threaded fittings, [three] <Insert number> locations of welded fittings, [two] <Insert number> locations of threaded strainers, [two] <Insert number> locations of threaded valves, and [three] <Insert number> locations of flanged valves for each pipe service defined in the "Piping Insulation Schedule, General" Article.
- D. All insulation applications will be considered defective Work if sample inspection reveals noncompliance with requirements.

3.16 PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- A. Acceptable preformed pipe and tubular insulation materials and thicknesses are identified for each piping system and pipe size range. If more than one material is listed for a piping system, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
- B. Items Not Insulated: Unless otherwise indicated, do not install insulation on the following:
 - 1. Drainage piping located in crawl spaces.
 - 2. Underground piping.
 - 3. Chrome-plated pipes and fittings unless there is a potential for personnel injury.

3.17 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Domestic Cold Water:
 - 1. [NPS 1 (DN 25)] <Insert pipe size> and Smaller: Insulation shall be[one of] the following:

- a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
- b. Flexible Elastomeric: [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [3/4 inch (19 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
- c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
- d. Phenolic: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- e. Polyolefin: [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [3/4 inch (19 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
- 2. [NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32)] <Insert pipe size> and Larger: Insulation shall be[one of] the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - b. Flexible Elastomeric: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - d. Phenolic: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - e. Polyolefin: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- B. Domestic Hot and Recirculated Hot Water:
 - 1. [NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32)] <Insert pipe size> and Smaller: Insulation shall be[one of] the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - b. Flexible Elastomeric: [3/4 inch (19 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
 - c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
 - d. Phenolic: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - e. Polyolefin: [3/4 inch (19 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - 2. [NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40)] <Insert pipe size> and Larger: Insulation shall be[one of] the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
 - b. Flexible Elastomeric: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - d. Phenolic: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - e. Polyolefin: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- C. Domestic Chilled Water (Potable):
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - b. Flexible Elastomeric: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - d. Phenolic: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.

- e. Polyolefin: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- D. Stormwater and Overflow:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
 - b. Flexible Elastomeric: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - d. Phenolic: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - e. Polyolefin: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- E. Roof Drain and Overflow Drain Bodies:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be[**one of**] the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - b. Flexible Elastomeric: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - d. Phenolic: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - e. Polyolefin: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- F. Exposed Sanitary Drains, Domestic Water, Domestic Hot Water, and Stops for Plumbing Fixtures for People with Disabilities:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be[**one of**] the following:
 - a. Flexible Elastomeric: [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [3/4 inch (19 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
 - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
 - c. Polyolefin: [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [3/4 inch (19 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
- G. Sanitary Waste Piping Where Heat Tracing Is Installed:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - c. Phenolic: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
- H. Floor Drains, Traps, and Sanitary Drain Piping within [10 Feet (3 m)] < Insert distance of Drain Receiving Condensate and Equipment Drain Water below 60 Deg F (16 Deg C):
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.

- b. Flexible Elastomeric: [3/4 inch (19 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1/2 inch (13 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] <Insert dimension> thick.
- d. Phenolic: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- e. Polyolefin: [3/4 inch (19 mm)] [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.

I. Hot Service Drains:

- 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be[**one of**] the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe, Type I or II: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.

J. Hot Service Vents:

- 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be[**one of**] the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe, Type I or II: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.

3.18 OUTDOOR, ABOVEGROUND PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Domestic Water Piping:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - b. Flexible Elastomeric: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - d. Phenolic: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - e. Polyolefin: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- B. Domestic Hot and Recirculated Hot Water:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be[**one of**] the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - b. Flexible Elastomeric: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - c. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - d. Phenolic: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
 - e. Polyolefin: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- C. Sanitary Waste Piping Where Heat Tracing Is Installed:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:

- a. Cellular Glass: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension> thick.
- b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- c. Phenolic: [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.

D. Hot Service Drains:

- 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.

E. Hot Service Vents:

- 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be[**one of**] the following:
 - a. Cellular Glass: [1-1/2 inches (38 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type II: [1 inch (25 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.

3.19 OUTDOOR, UNDERGROUND PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Sanitary Waste Piping, All Sizes, Where Heat Tracing Is Installed: Cellular glass, [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.
- B. Chilled Water, All Sizes: Cellular glass, [2 inches (50 mm)] < Insert dimension > thick.

3.20 INDOOR, FIELD-APPLIED JACKET SCHEDULE

- A. Install jacket over insulation material. For insulation with factory-applied jacket, install the field-applied jacket over the factory-applied jacket.
- B. If more than one material is listed, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
- C. Piping, Concealed:
 - 1. None.
 - 2. Self-Adhesive, Field-Applied Jacket Schedule: [Alumaguard Lite Silver Smooth or Embossed] [or] [Alumaguard Lite White].
 - 3. [PVC] [PVC, Color-Coded by System]: [20 mils (0.5 mm)] [30 mils (0.8 mm)] thick.
 - 4. Aluminum, [Smooth] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed]: [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] [0.032 inch (0.81 mm)] [0.040 inch (1.0 mm)] thick.
 - 5. Painted Aluminum, [Smooth] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed]: [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] [0.032 inch (0.81 mm)] thick.
 - 6. Stainless Steel, [Type 304] [or] [Type 316], [Smooth 2B Finish] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed]: [0.010 inch (0.25 mm)] [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] thick.

7. <Insert jacket type>.

D. Piping, Exposed:

- 1. None.
- 2. Self-Adhesive, Field-Applied Jacket Schedule: [Alumaguard Lite Silver Smooth or Embossed] [or] [Alumaguard Lite White].
- 3. [PVC] [PVC, Color-Coded by System]: [20 mils (0.5 mm)] [30 mils (0.8 mm)] thick.
- 4. Aluminum, [Smooth] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed]: [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] [0.032 inch (0.81 mm)] [0.040 inch (1.0 mm)] thick.
- 5. Painted Aluminum, [Smooth] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed]: [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] [0.032 inch (0.81 mm)] thick.
- 6. Stainless Steel, [Type 304] [or] [Type 316], [Smooth 2B Finish] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed]: [0.010 inch (0.25 mm)] [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] thick.
- 7. < Insert jacket type>.

3.21 OUTDOOR, FIELD-APPLIED JACKET SCHEDULE

- A. Install jacket over insulation material. For insulation with factory-applied jacket, install the field-applied jacket over the factory-applied jacket.
- B. If more than one material is listed, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
- C. Piping, Concealed:
 - 1. None.
 - 2. Self-Adhesive, Field-Applied Jacket Schedule: [Alumaguard or Alumaguard Cool Wrap,] [Alumaguard All-Weather or Alumaguard All-Weather Cool Wrap,] [and] [Alumaguard Lite Smooth or Embossed or Alumaguard Lite Cool Wrap or White].
 - 3. [PVC] [PVC, Color-Coded by System]: [20 mils (0.5 mm)] [30 mils (0.8 mm)] thick.
 - 4. Aluminum, [Smooth] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed]: [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] [0.032 inch (0.81 mm)] [0.040 inch (1.0 mm)] thick.
 - 5. Painted Aluminum, [Smooth] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed]: [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] [0.032 inch (0.81 mm)] thick.
 - 6. Stainless Steel, [Type 304] [or] [Type 316], [Smooth 2B Finish] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed]: [0.010 inch (0.25 mm)] [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] thick.
 - 7. < Insert jacket type>.

D. Piping, Exposed:

- 1. Self-Adhesive, Field-Applied Jacket Schedule: [Alumaguard or Alumaguard Cool Wrap,] [Alumaguard All-Weather or Alumaguard All-Weather Cool Wrap,] [and] [Alumaguard Lite Smooth or Embossed or Alumaguard Lite Cool Wrap or White].
- 2. PVC: [20 mils (0.5 mm)] [30 mils (0.8 mm)] [40 mils (1.0 mm)] thick.

- 3. [Painted] Aluminum, [Smooth] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed] [with Z-Shaped Locking Seam]: [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] [0.032 inch (0.81 mm)] [0.040 inch (1.0 mm)] thick.
- 4. Stainless Steel, [Type 304] [or] [Type 316], [Smooth 2B Finish] [Corrugated] [Stucco Embossed] [with Z-Shaped Locking Seam]: [0.010 inch (0.25 mm)] [0.016 inch (0.41 mm)] [0.020 inch (0.51 mm)] [0.024 inch (0.61 mm)] thick.
- 5. < Insert jacket type>.

3.22 UNDERGROUND, FIELD-INSTALLED INSULATION JACKET

- A. For underground direct-buried piping applications, install underground direct-buried jacket over insulation material.
- B. If more than one material is listed, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
 - 1. Underground, Field-Installed Insulation Jacket: [Insulrap 50 NG] [Insulrap 50 SJ NG] [or] [Insulrap 125 No-Torch].

END OF SECTION 220719